PATENT SPECIFICATION

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Improvements in or relating to Pills or Tablets

We, STERLING DRUG INC., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, United States of America, of 1450 Broadway, New York, State of New 5 York, United States of America, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following state-

10 ment:

This invention relates to a multi-layered pill or tablet particularly adapted for medicinal use and having a medicinal core and an intervening taste-indicating alarm layer or lamination, 15 said indicating lamination having an outer medicinal layer which is soluble in the patient's mouth, to the end that the pill is held by the patient for absorption of the outer layer until the taste-indicating layer is exposed, the 20 taste-indicating layer serving as an indication to the patient to swallow the tablet to obtain the benefits of gastro-intestinal absorption of the medicament within the pill or tablet; and the provision of a pill or tablet as above described including a plurality of layers, so that different or succeeding spaced dosages may be administered, the core being covered by an enteric coating, and in the event that a plurality of layers of medicament are provided within the taste-indicating layer, such multiple layers may each be covered enterically.

Further objects of the invention include the provision of the alarm layer at the exterior of the tablet, so that when the alarm sensation 35 ceases, the signal is thus given; the alarm material being mixed in with a medicament either at the exterior of the tablet or in an

inner layer.

Other objects and advantages of the inven-40 tion will appear hereinafter.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Fig. 1 is a cross section through a pill or tablet made according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a modification thereof.

The present invention provides a means for dosing a patient with at least two separate medicaments, one of which is to be absorbed in the mouth and the other in the gastro-intestinal tract, with a definite period for the absorption of the orally applied medicament, so that the patient will not tend to hold the pill or tablet for too long or too short a time in the mouth and also providing a means for avoiding variation of the oral dosage due to lack of or more vigorous sucking on the tablet than might otherwise be the case.

To this end, the tablet is provided with an outer, medicinal coating 10 which is readily dissolved in the mouth, and directly under this layer there is a "signal" or "alarm" layer 12, so that the patient will know at once when the outer layer is gone and that the time has come

to swallow the pill or tablet.

The "signal" or "alarm" layer 12 might be a taste-indicating layer, e.g., sodium chloride or quinine, or it might be of a substance which does not have a distinctive flavor but a different consistency from the outer layer 10, so that a signal is given the

In other words, the tablet is intended to be retained by the patient in his mouth for absorption of the outer layer 10 which is a medicament, until the taste-indicating layer 12 is exposed. This serves as a signal for the patient to swallow the tablet.

Alternatively, the outermost layer may be the taste signal and oral medicament layer, which when gone, gives the signal to the patient to swallow the pill.

Reference numeral 14 indicates a medicament which will be dissolved in the gastrointestinal tract after the taste-indicating layer 85 is dissolved. Alternatively, there may be an enteric layer 16 intervening between the medi-cament 14 and taste-indicating layer 12 in order to provide a definite time of reception of the tablet in the stomach or other part of the body prior to release of the medicament 14. In this case, the layer 16 will be an enteric

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5	layer as well known in the art, and may be of a thickness to release the contained medicine at a definite point in the travel of the pil through the gastro-intestinal tract.	mixed, slugged, ground to 12 mesh, and pressed into tablets using a 13/22" concave punch. The resulting tablets were given three	65
•	to provide other layers of medicament, enteric coatings, 18, and finally the core 20 of the final dosage to be given the patient.	alarm layer was applied using an orange flavor in the same manner as in Example 1. Thereafter the tablets were sugar-coated	70
10	The invention is further illustrated by the following examples without, however, being limited thereto:— EXAMPLE 1	with 70% sucrose solution and then dusted after moistening with 10% gelatin until by assay the tablets contained a therapeutic dose	7 5
15	Tablets for the relief of asthma in which the prompt action of N—isopropylarterenol	in the form of a 10% admixture on an inert solid diluent such as lactose. Thereafter the	
70	A medicament core was prepared in the following manner: The following ingredients	carnauba wax in conventional manner. Instead of orange flavor and citric acid as the alarm component, other alarm components	80
20	mesh, and mixed: Benzylephedrine Theophyllin 1206	also used included mint, licorice and lemon flavors. Instead of providing the alarm as a laver	85
25	Phenobarbital 8.1 " Starch 38.8 " Talc 14.5 "	between the outer medicament layer and the core, the alarm may be mixed throughout the outer medicament layer, so that then the disappearance of the alarm sensation serves as a	90
30	Stearic acid 2.3 ,, Magnesium stearate 0.9 ,, All parts by weight,	This is shown in Fig. 2 wherein 22 indicates the core of medicament, 24 an interposed	,
30	The mixture was slugged, screened to 12 mesh, and pressed on a $^{5}/_{16}"$ concave tablet punch machine. The core was completed by applying three coats of shellac and talc.	layer of medicament or coating, and 26 the	95
35	Citric acid 5 parts	the tablet, whereas if the alarm layer is interior, as at 12, the appearance is the signal.	00
40	Sucrose 530 ". This mixture was applied as a dusting powder to the tablets moistened with 10% gelatin/30% sucrose aqueous syrup. Then a mixture of N—isopropylarterenol	Also, of course, the interior signal layer 12 can be mixed with a medicament, and in this invention it is to be understood that the term "signal" or "alarm" layer may include medicament or not as circumstances call for. WHAT WE CLAIM IS:—	05
45	(125 parts), sodium metabisulfite (30 parts), and talcum (125 parts) in 10% gelatin/30% sucrose aqueous syrup was applied to the tablets by tumbling.	1. A pill or tablet comprising an inner medi- cament layer or core, an outer mouth-soluble and absorbable medicament layer, and material	10
50	Finally, the tablets were coated with 70% sucrose aqueous syrup until the tablets were smooth and well-covered, after which they were finished with a carnauba wax solution in	dissolved in the mouth. 2. A pill or tablet according to Claim 1, in which the signal material is provided in a	
	EXAMPLE 2 Tablets for the relief of angina by combin-	separate layer between the medicament layers. 11 3. A pill or tablet according to Claim 2, in which the inner medicament layer or core is surrounded by an enteric coating.	.5
22	the more delayed action of nitroglycerine with the more delayed action of pentaerithrytol tetranitrate were prepared in the following manner:—	4. A pill or tablet according to Claim 1, in which the signal material is incorporated in 12 the outer medicament layer. 5. A pill or tablet according to any one of	0
60	The following ingredients were weighed up:— Pentaerithrytol tetranitrate - 2800 parts Starch 500 " Dicalcium phosphate 914 "	material is adapted to perform its function as a result of its taste being different from that 12: of the adjacent layer.	5
	Alginic acid 86 " Stearic acid 100 "	6. A pill or tablet according to any one of Claims 1—4, in which the signal material is adapted to perform its function as a result of	

its consistency being different from that of the

adjacent layer.

7. The pills or tablets substantially as here-inbefore described with reference to and as illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings.

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800,973 COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

I SHEET

This drawing is a reproduction of the Original on a reduced scale.



